

DNGTM – Plus

(DNA Extraction Solution)

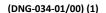


Components

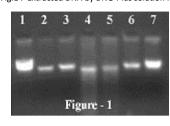
Contents	Amounts
DNG [™] – Plus	20 ml

Description

DNGTM-Plus Solution is designed to isolate double-stranded DNA from human samples. The procedure requires 30-50 minutes and does not require phenol extraction or proteinase digestion. DNA isolation is based on lysis of the cells and subsequent selective DNA precipitation. Finally, the DNA is washed and desalted by ethanol. DNA obtained by this method can be used for all molecular biology procedures (PCR, restriction digestion, cloning, Southern blot, DNA sequencing, etc.). Typical DNA yield is in range of 1.0-5.0μg from 100μl fresh whole blood.







- 1. Lambda DNA 48.5Kbp
- 2. five months at -20°C
- 3. Three months at -20°C
- 4. Eight months at 2-8°C
- 5. Six months at 2-8°C
- 6. Two months at 2-8°C
- 7. Three weeks at 2-8°C

Other required Components

- Isopropanol
- Ethanol 75%
- Sterile distilled water

Sample Preparation*

-Whole Blood

Blood must be collected in EDTA-coated tube (final concentration (1mg/ml) to prevent clotting and DNA degradation. DNA extracted from heparinized blood cannot be used for PCR.

-Homogenized sputum for detection of $\emph{M. tuberculosis}$ (low protein content)*

Place 1.5ml microfuge-tubes contains $100\mu l$ of homogenized sputum sample at 95°C water bath for 20min and then follow the protocol.

-Buccal or Vaginal Swab for detection of bacterial genome

Air-dry the swab for at least 2hr after collection. Place air-dry swab in 1.5ml microfuge-tube, contains 200 μ l sterile distillated water and incubate at 56°C water bath for 30min. Press the stem end of tube towards the swab two to three time and then remove swab and place sample at 95°C water bath for 10min then follow the protocol.



For DNA purification from high protein content, mammalian tissue or sera, use DNP^{TM} Kit (EX6071).

Freezing/Thawing of samples should be avoided, since each cycle dramatically diminishes the yield of intact DNA.

Protocol

- 1. Pre-warm DNG $^{\text{TM}}$ -Plus solution by placing in 37 $^{\circ}$ C for 20min and softly shake.
- 2. Mix 100μl of sample with 400μl of DNGTM-Plus (for whole blood 700μl) and vortex 15-20sec. The sample should be completely homogenous suspension at this step. Any aggregation or clot could be degraded by softly pipetting or removing.
- 3. Add 300μ l of isopropanol (for whole blood 500μ l), mix by vortexing, for low copy DNA samples put in -20°C for 20min (not for whole blood). Then centrifuge the sample at 12,000rpm for 10min.
- 4. Decant by gently inverting of tube and placing the tube on tissue paper for 2-3sec downward. Care to avoid of cross-contamination between different samples.
- 5.Add 1ml, 75% Ethanol to pellet, mix by 3-5sec vortexing and centrifuge at 12,000rpm for 5min. Repeat this step once more.
- 6.Pour off the ethanol completely and dry pellet at 65°C for 5min (up to dry).
- 6.Dissolve DNA pellet in 50µl of sterile distilled water by gentle shaking and placing at 65°C for 5min. Wash the wall of tube for dissolving of any residual pellet by softly pippeting.
- 7. Pellet down unsolved materials by spinning 1min at 12,000rpm.
- 8. Transfer supernatant containing purified DNA into a new tube.

Signs

Signs	Definitions
15°C 25°C	Temperature range on product use
RUO	For Research Use Only
	Name and address of the manufacturer of the product
REF	Product technical code



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